Child Labour Abolition Programme

†545. SHRI P.K. MAHESHWARI: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) the district in the country where child labour abolition programme is being implemented;

(b) whether Government propose to include other districts of different States under this programme;

(c) if so, the details thereof, State-wise; and

(d) to what extent Government have achieved success as a result of implementation of this programme?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI MUNI LALL): (a) The names of the districts in which the National Child Labour Projects (NCLPs) are being implemented are given in the Statement (*See* below).

(b) and (c) In the Ninth Plan period, approval was given for sanctioning 100 NCLPs. These 100 NCLPs have since been sanctioned. Action has been initiated for continuation of the scheme of NCLPs and extending the coverage to all child labour endemic districts in the country in the Tenth Plan period.

(d) One of the main objectives of the scheme was to mainstream children withdrawn from work into formal schools. As per the information received so far from about 45 NCLPs, approximately 69000 children have been mainstreamed into the from school system.

Statement

List of Districts covered under National Child Labour Projects in 13 *States:*

(Total Projects in Operation: 100)

1. **Andhra Pradesh:** Anantapur, Chittoor, Cuddapah, East Godavari, Guntur, Hyderabad, Karimnagar, Kurnool, Medak, Nalgonda, Khammam, Nellore, Nizamabad, Markapur, Ranga Reddy (including M.V. Foundation), Srikakulam, Vizianagaram, Vishakhapatnam, Warrangal, West Godavari, Mahaboobnagar, Adilabad (22)

2. **Bihar:** Nalanda, Saharsa, Jamui (3)

3. **Jharkhand:** Garwah, Sahibganj, Dumka, Pakur, West Singhbhum (Chaibasa) (5)

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

4. **Karnataka:** Bijapur, Raichur, Dharwad, Bangalore Rural, Bangalore Urban **(5)**

5. **Madhya Pradesh:** Mandsaur, Gwalior, Ujjain **(3)**

6. **Chhattisgarh:** Durg, Bilaspur, Rajnandgaon, Surguja, Raigarh **(5)**

7. **Maharashtra:** Solapur, Thane **(2)**

8. **Orissa:** Angul, Bargarh, Bolangir, Deogarh, Gajapati (Udaigiri), Ganjam, Jharsuguda, Kalahandi, Koraput, Malkangiri, Mayurbhanj, Nabarangpur, Nuapada, Rayagada, Sambalpur, Sonepur, Cuttack, Balasore **(18)**

9. **Rajasthan:** Jaipur, Udaipur, Tonk, Jodhpur, Ajmer, Alwar **(6)**

10. **Tamil Nadu:** Chidambarnar (Tuticorin), Coimbatore, Dharmapuri, Kamrajar (Virudhunagar), Vellore, Pudokkotai, Salem, Tiruchirapalli, Tirunelveli **(9)**

11. **Uttar Pradesh:** Aligarh (including DCCW, Aligarh), Firozabad (DCCW Firozabad), Moradabad (DCCW Moradabad), Varanasi, Mirzapur, Bhadohi, Bulandshahr (Khurja), Allahabad, Kanpur (Nagar), Saharanpur, Azamgarh **(11)**

12. **West Bengal:** Burdwan, Dakshin Dinajpur, Midnapore, North 24-Parganas, South 24-Parganas, Uttar Dinajpur, Murshidabad, Kolkata **(8)**

13. **Punjab:** Jalandhar, Ludhiana, Amritsar **(3)**

Model hospitals of ESIC

546. SHRI RAMACHANDRA KHUNTIA: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Employees State Insurance Corporation (ESIC) has decided to set up a model hospital in each district of the country;

(b) if so, the number of ESI hospitals to be computerised during the current year; and

(c) the steps taken to extend ESI hospital facilities to workers in unorganised sector i.e., agriculture, construction, house based workers and beedi workers?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI MUNI LALL): (a) The ESI Corporation has decided in principle to upgrade one ESI Hospital as a Model Hospital in each State subject to the consent of the State Governments.

(b) 10 ESI hospitals have been taken up as a Pilot Project for computerisation during the current year.